

Dear Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, Inc. Member,

Under a federal law called the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), covered health care organizations across the nation, including Kaiser Permanente, must have a Notice of Privacy Practices and provide you with a copy.

What's inside?

Two important items. There is a copy of our Notice of Privacy Practices for you to review and keep for future reference. And, there is a Questions and Answers document so that you can learn more about HIPAA.

What do you need to do?

Please take a moment to do the following:

- Share the Notice of Privacy Practices with other Kaiser Permanente members in your household.
- Review the Notice. It tells you about your rights and our obligations concerning your health information.

We hope you find the enclosed information helpful. We take our responsibility to protect your health information seriously, and as is in the past, we will continue to take appropriate steps to safeguard that information. As always, thank you for entrusting your health care to Kaiser Permanente.

Regards,

Richard Cordova

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President

Kaiser Foundation Health Plan and Hospitals

Southern California Region

Oliver Goldsmith, MD

Medical Director/Chairman of the Board Southern California Permanente Medical Group

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Questions and answers on HIPAA

1. What is HIPAA?

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) is a complex federal regulatory effort that has many parts and purposes. One part of HIPAA called Administrative Simplification concerns standards for health care administration and the transmission of health information. Most important, HIPAA focuses on the privacy and security of your health information.

2. If HIPAA has been around since 1996, what has changed?

Different parts of HIPAA have taken effect at different times. The federal Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) is overseeing HIPAA. One of DHHS' responsibilities is issuing the regulations under HIPAA Administrative Simplification. The Privacy Rule is a new HIPAA regulation that takes effect on April 14, 2003. Developing the Privacy Rule was a long process. DHHS drafted a proposed rule, then requested written comments and testimony from many sources including consumers and the health care industry. DHHS reviewed the many thousands of comments it received, then made some additional changes and requested further comments. In August 2002, after reviewing thousands more comments, DHHS made some additional changes and issued the final Privacy Rule on August 14, 2002.

3. How does the HIPAA Privacy Rule affect me?

Although there are already state and other federal laws covering health care organizations, the HIPAA Privacy Rule creates a comprehensive minimum federal standard for the use and disclosure of protected health information by these organizations. The HIPAA Privacy Rule also grants some new rights and protections to you as a health care consumer. For example, HIPAA gives

you the right to receive a Notice of Privacy Practices from covered health organizations like Kaiser Permanente. You can find out more about your rights and our obligations concerning your protected health information by reviewing our Notice. These new privacy regulations take effect April 14, 2003.

4. What is Kaiser Permanente doing now to protect my privacy?

We currently follow state and federal patient confidentiality law and take appropriate steps to safeguard the privacy of our members' and patients' protected health information. We have confidentiality and security procedures at our medical offices and facilities. We store medical records and patient information in secure areas with limited access. We use electronic safeguards like password codes and internal "firewalls" to protect our electronic information systems containing medical, claims, and other sensitive information from unauthorized access. Personnel with access to protected health information are trained and monitored for compliance with confidentiality and security policies. We are evaluating our policies, procedures, and systems to see what modifications are necessary to comply with HIPAA regulations.

5. What kind of personal information does the HIPAA Privacy Rule cover?

The HIPAA Privacy Rule applies to protected health information. In general terms, protected health information is health information that contains information like a name or Social Security number that reveals who the person is. In very detailed terms, protected health information is the individually identifiable information created and kept by a covered health care organization

like Kaiser Permanente about a person's past, present, or future physical or mental health condition, the provision of health care to the person, or past, present, or future payment for that health care. HIPAA privacy requirements apply to protected health information in written, electronic, or oral form. You could be individually identified from any of the following information for example:

- Name, address, and phone numbers
- Names of relatives and employers
- Birth date
- Email addresses and fax numbers
- Social Security number
- Medical Record Number

6. Is Kaiser Permanente required to get my written permission before using and/or disclosing my protected health information for purposes not related to treatment, payment, or health care operations?

Kaiser Permanente is often required to get your written permission to use or disclose your protected health information for other purposes, but not always. That's because certain uses and disclosures of protected health information are authorized by law without your written permission. One example is if you become ill with certain contagious diseases or other reportable conditions like measles, that information must be reported to state public health agencies. In our Notice of Privacy Practices, we tell you more about these situations.

7. Will the HIPAA Privacy Rule affect my ability to get health care?

No. The HIPAA Privacy Rule does not change where or from whom you receive your health care. The Privacy Rule is about your rights and our obligations with respect to your protected health information. Even though HIPAA Administrative Simplification is sweeping legislation that will improve health care administration between hospitals, provider groups, and health insurers, many of these new requirements affect the operations of health care organizations and are not intended to reach consumers directly so you may not even be aware of them.

8. What if I have a complaint about Kaiser Permanente's compliance with HIPAA privacy regulations?

You can call the Member Service Call Center at **1-800-464-4000** or **1-800-777-1370** (TTY for the hearing and speech impaired) to register a complaint.

9. Is there anything I need to do about HIPAA?

Yes. We encourage you to please carefully review our Notice of Privacy Practices. It provides important information about your rights concerning your protected health information. If you still have questions after reading these questions and answers and the Notice of Privacy Practices, please call our Member Service Call Center at 1-800-464-4000 or 1-800-777-1370 (TTY for the hearing and speech impaired).

Si desea recibir un ejemplar en español, por favor, llame al **1-800-788-0616.**

如欲索取這些資料的中文版, 請致電**1-800-757-7585**。

KAISER PERMANENTE – SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA REGION

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW MEDICAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION.

PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

In this notice we use the terms "we," "us," and "our" to describe Kaiser Permanente, Southern California Region. For more details, please refer to section IV. of this notice.

I. WHAT IS "PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION?"

Your protected health information (PHI) is health information that contains identifiers, such as your name, social security number, or other information that reveals who you are. For example, your medical record is PHI because it includes your name and other identifiers.

If you are a Kaiser Foundation Health Plan member and also an employee of any Kaiser Permanente company, PHI does not include the health information in your employment records.

II. ABOUT OUR RESPONSIBILITY TO PROTECT YOUR PHI

By law, we must

- 1) protect the privacy of your PHI,
- 2) tell you about your rights and our legal duties with respect to your PHI, and
- 3) tell you about our privacy practices and follow our notice currently in effect.

We take these responsibilities seriously and, as in the past, we will continue to take appropriate steps to safeguard the privacy of your PHI.

In the course of providing health care, we collect various types of PHI from members and patients and other sources, including other health care providers. The medical information may be used, for example, to provide health care services and customer services, evaluate benefits and claims, administer health care coverage, measure performance (utilization review), detect fraud and abuse, review the competence or qualifications of health care professionals, and fulfill legal and regulatory requirements. The types of PHI that we collect and maintain about members and patients include, for example:

- Hospital, medical, mental health and substance abuse patient records, laboratory results, X-ray reports, pharmacy records and appointment records;
- Information from members/patients, for example, through surveys, applications and other forms, and online communications;
- Information about your relationship with Kaiser Permanente such as: medical services received, claims history, and information from your benefits plan sponsor or employer about group health coverage you may have.

III. YOUR RIGHTS REGARDING YOUR PHI

This section tells you about your rights regarding your PHI, for example, your medical and billing records. It also describes how you can exercise these rights.

Your right to see and receive copies of your PHI

In general, you have a right to see and receive copies of your PHI in designated record sets

such as your medical record or billing records. If you would like to see or receive a copy of such a record, please write us. When you know the Kaiser Permanente facility or medical office where you received your care, please write to us at that address. If you need that address please call 1-800-464-4000 (TTY 1-800-777-1370). However, if you don't know where the record that you want is located, please write to us at the Regional Compliance and Privacy Office, 393 E. Walnut Street, Pasadena, CA 91188. After we receive your written request, we will let you know when and how you can see or obtain a copy of your record. If you agree, we will give you a summary or explanation of your PHI instead of providing copies. We may charge you a fee for the copies, summary, or explanation. If we don't have the record you asked for but we know who does, we will tell you who to contact to request it.

In limited situations, we may deny some or all of your request to see or receive copies of your records, but if we do, we will tell you why in writing and explain your right, if any, to have our denial reviewed.

Your right to choose how we send PHI to you

You may ask us to send your PHI to you at a different address (for example, your work address) or by different means (for example, fax instead of regular mail). When we can reasonably and lawfully agree to your request, we will. However, we are permitted to charge you for any additional cost of sending your PHI to different addresses or by different means.

Your right to correct or update your PHI

If you believe there is a mistake in your PHI or that important information is missing, you may request that we correct or add to the record. Please write to us and tell us what you are asking for and why we should make the correction or addition. When you know the Kaiser Permanente facility or medical office where you received your care, please write to us at that address. If you need that address, please call **1-800-464-4000 (TTY 1-800-777-1370).**

However, if you don't know where the record that you want is located, please write to us at the Regional Compliance and Privacy Office, 393 E. Walnut Street, Pasadena, CA 91188.

We will respond in writing after receiving your request. If we approve your request, we will make the correction or addition to your PHI. If we deny your request, we will tell you why and explain your right to file a written statement of disagreement. Your statement must be limited to 250 words for each item in your record that you believe is incorrect or incomplete. You must clearly tell us in writing if you want us to include your statement in future disclosures we make of that part of your record. We may include a summary instead of your statement.

Your right to an accounting of disclosures of PHI

You may ask us for a list of our disclosures of your PHI. Write to us at **Director**, **Health**Information Management, Kaiser

Permanente Baldwin Park Medical Center,

1011 Baldwin Park Boulevard, Baldwin Park,

CA 91706. The list we give you will include disclosures made in the last six years, unless you request a shorter time or if less than six years have passed since April 14, 2003. For example, if you requested a list of disclosures on April 14, 2005, the list would cover only two years.

You are entitled to one disclosure accounting in any 12-month period at no charge. If you request any additional accountings less than 12 months later, we may charge a fee.

An accounting does not include certain disclosures, for example, disclosures to carry out treatment, payment and health care operations; disclosures that occurred prior to April 14, 2003; disclosures for which Kaiser Permanente had a signed authorization; disclosures of your PHI to you; disclosures from a Kaiser Permanente facility directory; disclosures for notifications for disaster relief purposes; or disclosures to persons involved in your care and persons acting on your behalf.

Your right to request limits on uses and disclosures of your PHI

You may request that we limit our uses and disclosures of your PHI for treatment, payment, and health care operations purposes. However, by law, we do not have to agree to your request. Because we strongly believe that this information is needed to appropriately manage the care of our members/patients, it is our policy to *not* agree to requests for restrictions.

Your right to receive a paper copy of this notice

You also have a right to receive a paper copy of this notice upon request.

IV. KAISER PERMANENTE COMPANIES SUBJECT TO THIS NOTICE

This notice applies to the Kaiser Permanente, Southern California Region, which includes

- Southern California Permanente Medical Group (SCPMG),
- Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, Inc., including its health plan and provider operations, and
- Kaiser Foundation Hospitals (KFH).

Our health care delivery sites include SCPMG medical offices, KFH hospitals, KFH ambulatory surgery centers, and any other licensed facilities of KFH in the region, member call advice and appointment centers and our member Web sites.

To provide you with the health care you expect, to treat you, to pay for your care and to conduct our operations, such as quality assurance, accreditation, licensing and compliance, these Kaiser Permanente companies share your PHI with each other.

Our personnel may have access to your PHI either as employees, physicians, professional staff members of KFH facilities and others authorized to enter information in a KFH facility medical record, volunteers or persons working with us in other capacities.

V. HOW WE MAY USE AND DISCLOSE YOUR PHI

Your confidentiality is important to us. Our physicians and employees are required to maintain the confidentiality of the PHI of our members/patients and we have policies and procedures and other safeguards to help protect your PHI from improper use and disclosure. Sometimes we are allowed by law to use and disclose certain PHI without your written permission. We briefly describe these uses and disclosures below and give you some examples.

How much PHI is used or disclosed without your written permission will vary depending, for example, on the intended purpose of the use or disclosure. Sometimes we may only need to use or disclose a limited amount of PHI, such as to send you an appointment reminder or to confirm that you are a health plan member. At other times, we may need to use or disclose more PHI such as when we are providing medical treatment.

■ **Treatment:** This is the most important use and disclosure of your PHI. For example, our physicians, nurses, and other health care personnel, including trainees, involved in your care use and disclose your PHI to diagnose your condition and evaluate your health care needs. Our personnel will use and disclose

your PHI in order to provide and coordinate the care and services you need: for example, prescriptions, X-rays, and lab work. If you need care from health care providers who are not part of Kaiser Permanente, such as community resources to assist with your health care needs at home, we may disclose your PHI to them.

- Treatment alternatives and health-related benefits and services: In some instances, the law permits us to contact you: 1) to describe our network or describe the extent to which we offer and pay for various products and services; 2) for your treatment; 3) for case management and care coordination; or 4) to direct or recommend available treatment options, therapies, health care providers, or care settings. For example, we may tell you about a new drug or procedure or about educational or health management activities.
- Payment: Your PHI may be needed to determine our responsibility to pay for, or to permit us to bill and collect payment for, treatment and health-related services that you receive. For example, we may have an obligation to pay for health care you receive from an outside provider. When you or the provider sends us the bill for health care services, we use and disclose your PHI to determine how much, if any, of the bill we are responsible for paying.
- Health care operations: We may use and disclose your PHI for certain health care operations, for example, quality assessment and improvement, training and evaluation of health care professionals, licensing, accreditation, and determining premiums and other costs of providing health care.
- **Business associates:** We may contract with business associates to perform certain functions or activities on our behalf, such as payment

- and health care operations. These business associates must agree to safeguard your PHI.
- **Appointment reminders:** Your PHI allows us to contact you about appointments for treatment or other health care you may need.
- Specific types of PHI: There are stricter requirements for use and disclosure of some types of PHI, for example, mental health and drug and alcohol abuse patient information, HIV tests, and genetic testing information. However, there are still circumstances in which these types of information may be used or disclosed without your authorization. If you become a patient in our chemical dependency program, we will give you a separate written notice, as required by law, about your privacy rights for your chemical dependency program PHI.
- Communications with family and others when you are present: Sometimes a family member or other person involved in your care will be present when we are discussing your PHI with you. If you object, please tell us and we won't discuss your PHI or we will ask the person to leave.
- Communications with family and others when you are not present: There may be times when it is necessary to disclose your PHI to a family member or other person involved in your care because there is an emergency, you are not present, or you lack the decision making capacity to agree or object. In those instances, we will use our professional judgment to determine if it's in your best interest to disclose your PHI. If so, we will limit the disclosure to the PHI that is directly relevant to the person's involvement with your health care. For example, we may allow someone to pick up a prescription for you.
- Disclosure in case of disaster relief: We



may disclose your name, city of residence, age, gender, and general condition to a public or private disaster relief organization to assist disaster relief efforts, unless you object at the time.

- Disclosures to parents as personal representatives of minors: In most cases, we may disclose your minor child's PHI to you. In some situations, however, we are permitted or even required by law to deny your access to your minor child's PHI. An example of when we must deny such access based on type of health care is when a minor who is twelve or older seeks care for a communicable disease or condition. Another situation when we must deny access to parents is when minors have adult rights to make their own health care decisions. These minors, include for example, minors who were or are married or who have a declaration of emancipation from a court.
- Facility Directories: When you are a patient in one of our facilities, we may create a directory that includes your name, room location, and your general condition. This information may be disclosed to a person who asks for you by name. In addition, we may provide your religious affiliation, if any, to clergy. You may object to the use or disclosure of some or all of this information. If you do, we will not disclose it to visitors or other members of the public.
- Research: Kaiser Permanente engages in extensive and important research. Some of our research may involve medical procedures and some is limited to collection and analysis of health data. Research of all kinds may involve the use or disclosure of your PHI. Your PHI can generally be used or disclosed for research without your permission if an Institutional Review Board (IRB) approves such use or

disclosure. An IRB is a committee that is responsible, under federal law, for reviewing and approving human subjects research to protect the safety of the participants and the confidentiality of PHI.

- **Organ donation:** We may use or disclose PHI to organ-procurement organizations to assist with organ, eye or other tissue donations.
- Public health activities: Public health activities cover many functions performed or authorized by government agencies to promote and protect the public's health and may require us to disclose your PHI.
 - For example, we may disclose your PHI as part of our obligation to report to public health authorities certain diseases, injuries, conditions, and vital events such as births. Sometimes we may disclose your PHI to someone you may have exposed to a communicable disease or who may otherwise be at risk of getting or spreading the disease.
 - The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is responsible for tracking and monitoring certain medical products, such as pacemakers and hip replacements, to identify product problems and failures and injuries they may have caused. If you have received one of these products, we may use and disclose your PHI to the FDA or other authorized persons or organizations, such as the maker of the product.
 - We may use and disclose your PHI as necessary to comply with federal and state laws that govern workplace safety.
- Health oversight: As health care providers and health plans, we are subject to oversight conducted by federal and state agencies. These agencies may conduct audits of our operations and activities and in that process, they may review your PHI.

- Disclosures to your employer or your employee organization: If you are enrolled in Kaiser Foundation Health Plan Inc. through your employer or employee organization, we may share certain PHI with them without your authorization, but only when allowed by law. For example, we may disclose your PHI for a workers' compensation claim or to determine whether you are enrolled in the plan or whether premiums have been paid on your behalf. For other purposes, such as for inquiries by your employer or employee organization on your behalf, we will obtain your authorization when necessary under applicable law.
- Workers' compensation: In order to comply with workers' compensation laws, we may use and disclose your PHI. For example, we may communicate your medical information regarding a work-related injury or illness to claims administrators, insurance carriers, and others responsible for evaluating your claim for workers' compensation benefits.
- Military activity and national security: We may sometimes use or disclose the PHI of armed forces personnel to the applicable military authorities when they believe it is necessary to properly carry out military missions. We may also disclose your PHI to authorized federal officials as necessary for national security and intelligence activities or for protection of the President and other government officials and dignitaries.
- Marketing: Kaiser Permanente may use and disclose your PHI to contact you about benefits, services or supplies that we can offer you in addition to your Kaiser Permanente coverage.
- Fundraising: We may use or disclose PHI to contact you to raise funds for our organization

- Required by law: In some circumstances federal or state law requires that we disclose your PHI to others. For example, the secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services may review our compliance efforts, which may include seeing your PHI.
- Lawsuits and other legal disputes: We may use and disclose PHI in responding to a court or administrative order, a subpoena, or a discovery request. We may also use and disclose PHI to the extent permitted by law without your authorization, for example, to defend a lawsuit or arbitration.
- Law enforcement: We may disclose PHI to authorized officials for law enforcement purposes, for example, to respond to a search warrant, report a crime on our premises, or help identify or locate someone.
- Serious threat to health or safety: We may use and disclose your PHI if we believe it is necessary to avoid a serious threat to your health or safety or to someone else's.
- **Abuse or neglect:** By law, we may disclose PHI to the appropriate authority to report suspected child abuse or neglect or to identify suspected victims of abuse, neglect, or domestic violence.
- Coroners and funeral directors: We may disclose PHI to a coroner or medical examiner to permit identification of a body, determine cause of death, or for other official duties. We may also disclose PHI to funeral directors.
- Inmates: Under the federal law that requires us to give you this notice, inmates do not have the same rights to control their PHI as other individuals. If you are an inmate of a correctional institution or in the custody of a law enforcement official, we may disclose

your PHI to the correctional institution or the law enforcement official for certain purposes, for example, to protect your health or safety or someone else's.

VI. ALL OTHER USES AND DISCLOSURES OF YOUR PHI REQUIRE YOUR PRIOR WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION

Except for those uses and disclosures described above, we will not use or disclose your PHI without your written authorization. When your authorization is required and you authorize us to use or disclose your PHI for some purpose, you may revoke that authorization by notifying us in writing at any time. Please note that the revocation will not apply to any authorized use or disclosure of your PHI that took place before we received your revocation. Also, if you gave your authorization to secure a policy of insurance, including health care coverage from us, you may not be permitted to revoke it until the insurer can no longer contest the policy issued to you or a claim under the policy.

VII. HOW TO CONTACT US ABOUT THIS NOTICE OR TO COMPLAIN ABOUT OUR PRIVACY PRACTICES

If you have any questions about this notice, or want to lodge a complaint about our privacy practices, please let us know by calling Member Service Call Center at **1-800-464-4000** or (TTY) **1-800-777-1370.** You also may notify the secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services.

We will not take retaliatory action against you if you file a complaint about our privacy practices.

VIII. CHANGES TO THIS NOTICE

We may change this notice and our privacy practices at any time, as long as the change is consistent with state and federal law. Any revised notice will apply both to the PHI we already have about you at the time of the change, and any PHI created or received after the change takes effect. If we make an important change to our privacy practices, we will promptly change this notice and provide a new notice in *Member News* and on our Web site at http://www.kaiserpermanente.org. Except for changes required by law, we will not implement an important change to our privacy practices before we revise this notice.

IX. EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS NOTICE

This notice is effective April 14, 2003.

Si desea recibir un ejemplar en español, por favor, llame al **1-800-788-0616.**

如欲索取這些資料的中文版, 請致電**1-800-757-7585**。

> Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, Inc 1800 Harrison St., Ninth Floor Oakland, CA 94612

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